

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY\*

Product name: EMULSION E-2353 Issue Date: 12/27/2017
Print Date: 02/08/2019

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY\* encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: EMULSION E-2353

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Coatings product

#### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY\*
Agent for Rohm and Haas Chemicals LLC
400 ARCOLA ROAD
COLLEGEVILLE PA 19426-2914
UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436

SDSQuestion@dow.com

#### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 1 800 424 9300 **Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Hazard classification**

This material is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

## Other hazards

No data available

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Chemical nature:** Acrylic Latex This product is a mixture.

Component CASRN Concentration

Acrylic polymer(s)	Not hazardous	45.0 - 46.0 %
Residual monomers	Not required	< 0.05 %
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.06 %
Water	7732-18-5	54.0 - 55.0 %

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## **Description of first aid measures**

Inhalation: Move to fresh air.

Skin contact: Wash with water and soap as a precaution. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Eye contact: Rinse with plenty of water. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

**Ingestion:** Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Consult a physician if necessary. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hazardous combustion products: No data available

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Material can splatter above 100C/212F. Dried product can burn.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: No data available

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Material can create slippery conditions.

**Environmental precautions:** CAUTION: Keep spills and cleaning runoff out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spills immediately with inert materials (e.g., sand, earth). Transfer liquids and solid diking material to separate suitable containers for recovery or disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapors, mist or gas.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep from freezing - product stability may be affected. STIR WELL BEFORE USE.

## Storage stability

Storage temperature: 1 - 49 °C (34 - 120 °F)

Other data: Monomer vapors can be evolved when material is heated during processing operations. See SECTION 8, for types of ventilation required. This material contains trace levels of formaldehyde in the aqueous phase. The product will generate additional formaldehyde upon cure. Lack of adequate ventilation may result in airborne levels of formaldehyde above established exposure limits in the workplace. Monitoring the workplace to determine actual formaldehyde levels is recommended. See OSHA Formaldehyde Standard 29 CFR 1910.1048 for further information.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control parameters**

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Formaldehyde	ACGIH	STEL	0.3 ppm
	OSHA CARC	PEL	0.75 ppm
	ACGIH	STEL	DSEN, RSEN
	OSHA CARC	STEL	2 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	0.1 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	DSEN, RSEN

## **Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation with a minimum capture velocity of 100 ft/min. (0.5 m/sec.) at the point of vapor evolution. Refer to the current edition of Industrial Ventilation: A Manual of Recommended Practice published by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists for information on the design, installation, use, and maintenance of exhaust systems.

**Protective measures:** Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility.

## Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Safety glasses with side-shields Eye protection worn must be compatible with respiratory protection system employed.

Skin protection

**Hand protection:** The glove(s) listed below may provide protection against permeation. (Gloves of other chemically resistant materials may not provide adequate protection): Neoprene gloves

Respiratory protection: A respiratory protection program meeting OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or equivalent must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. None required if airborne concentrations are maintained below the exposure limit listed in Exposure Limit Information. Up to 10 times the exposure limit: Wear a properly fitted NIOSH approved (or equivalent) half-mask, air-purifying respirator. Up to 50 times the exposure limit: Wear a properly fitted NIOSH approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece, air-purifying respirator, OR full-facepiece, airline respirator in the pressure demand mode. Above 50 times the exposure limit or Unknown: Wear a properly fitted NIOSH approved (or equivalent) self-contained breathing apparatus in the pressure demand mode, OR full-facepiece, airline respirator in the pressure demand mode with emergency escape provision. Air-purifying respirators should be equipped with NIOSH approved formaldehyde cartridges and N95 filters. If oil mist is present, use R95 or P95 filters.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** 

Physical state liquid Milky
Color white
Odor Acrylic odor

Odor Threshold No data available

**pH** 2.1 - 3.0

Melting point/rangeNo data availableFreezing pointNo data available

**Boiling point (760 mmHg)** 100.00 °C (212.00 °F) Water

Flash point Noncombustible Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate <1.00 Water

= 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable
Lower explosion limit Not Applicable
Upper explosion limit Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure 22.6666667 mmHg at 20.00 °C (68.00 °F) Water

Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) <1.0000 Water Relative Density (water = 1) 1.0000 - 1.2000

Water solubility Dilutable

Partition coefficient: n- No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperatureNot ApplicableDecomposition temperatureNo data available

**Dynamic Viscosity** 200.000 mPa.s maximum

Kinematic ViscosityNo data availableExplosive propertiesNo data availableOxidizing propertiesNo data availableMolecular weightNo data available

Percent volatility 54.000 - 55.000 % Water

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions: None known.

Product will not undergo polymerization.

Conditions to avoid: No data available

Incompatible materials: There are no known materials which are incompatible with this product.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition may yield acrylic monomers.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### **Acute toxicity**

**Acute oral toxicity** 

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity** 

LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

## Skin corrosion/irritation

May cause transient irritation.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No eye irritation

#### Sensitization

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

## **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

## **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### Carcinogenicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

## Reproductive toxicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

## Mutagenicity

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

#### Additional information

No data are available for this material. The information shown is based on profiles of compositionally similar materials.

#### COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

#### **Residual monomers**

## Acute inhalation toxicity

The LC50 has not been determined.

### Formaldehyde

## Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, vapour, 0.578 mg/l

#### Sensitization

Has caused allergic skin reactions in humans.

Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

## **Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Material is corrosive. Material is not classified as a respiratory irritant; however, upper respiratory tract irritation or corrosivity may be expected.

## Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

Respiratory tract.

Skin.

#### Carcinogenicity

Has caused cancer in humans. Has caused cancer in laboratory animals.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

## Reproductive toxicity

No data available.

## Mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

## Carcinogenicity

Component List Classification

Formaldehyde IARC Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans US NTP Known to be human carcinogen

OSHA CARC OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen ACGIH A2: Suspected human carcinogen

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### **General Information**

There is no data available for this product.

## **Toxicity**

## **Residual monomers**

## Acute toxicity to fish

No relevant data found.

#### **Formaldehyde**

## Acute toxicity to fish

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Bluegill sunfish (Lepomis macrochirus), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 50 mg/l

LC50, striped bass (Morone saxatilis), static test, 96 Hour, 6.7 mg/l

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static test, 96 Hour, 44 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

## Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia pulex (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 5.8 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

## Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), Static, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 4.89 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

## Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, 19.6 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

### Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC, Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish), flow-through, 28 d, mortality, >= 48 mg/l

## Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, >= 6.4 mg/l

## Persistence and degradability

## **Residual monomers**

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

#### **Formaldehyde**

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready

biodegradability. 10-day Window: Pass **Biodegradation:** 90 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.07 mg/mg

#### Biological oxygen demand (BOD)

Incubation Time	BOD
5 d	> 100 %
10 d	> 100 %
20 d	> 100 %

## **Photodegradation**

Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitization: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 15.8 Hour

Method: Estimated.

## Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Residual monomers**

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

#### **Formaldehyde**

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 0.35 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3 Fish Estimated.

#### Mobility in soil

#### **Residual monomers**

No relevant data found.

#### Formaldehyde

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Partition coefficient (Koc): 1 Estimated.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods:** Coagulate the emulsion by the stepwise addition of ferric chloride and lime. Remove the clear supernatant and flush to a chemical sewer. For disposal, incinerate or landfill at a permitted facility in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

**Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers retain product residues. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and illegal. Refer to applicable federal, state and local regulations.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

#### Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

## Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

No SARA Hazards

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This product does not contain a chemical which is listed in Section 313 at or above de minimis concentrations.

## Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103

Releases of this material to air, land, or water are not reportable to the National Response Center under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) or to state and local emergency planning committees under the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III Section 304.

#### Pennsylvania

Any material listed as "Not Hazardous" in the CAS REG NO. column of SECTION 2, Composition/Information On Ingredients, of this MSDS is a trade secret under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act.

## California (Proposition 65)

This product contains trace levels of a component or components known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm:

ComponentsCASRNMethanol67-56-1

## California (Proposition 65)

This product contains trace levels of a component or components known to the state of California to cause cancer and birthdefects or other reproductive harm:

ComponentsCASRNAcrylamide79-06-1

**United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)** 

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

## **Hazard Rating System**

#### **HMIS**

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
1	0	0

#### Revision

Identification Number: 10078203 / 1001 / Issue Date: 12/27/2017 / Version: 4.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

## Legend

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
DSEN, RSEN	Skin and respiratory sensitizer
OSHA CARC	OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens
PEL	Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	8-hour, time-weighted average

## Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration: ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization: IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration: n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified: NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA -

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY\* urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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