

SAFETY DATA SHEET

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY*

Product name: PARALOID™ B-99N 100% Resin Issue Date: 02/25/2020 Print Date: 02/27/2020

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY* encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: PARALOID™ B-99N 100% Resin

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Coatings product

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY*
Agent for Rohm and Haas Chemicals LLC
400 ARCOLA ROAD
COLLEGEVILLE PA 19426-2914
UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436

SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 1 800 424 9300 **Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 Combustible dust Reproductive toxicity - Category 2

Label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word: WARNING!

Hazards

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

If converted to small particles during further handling, processing, or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Acrylic copolymer

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration	
Acrylic polymer(s)	Not hazardous	>= 98.0 - 100.0 %	
Toluene	108-88-3	< 1.0 %	
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	< 1.0 %	
Butyl methacrylate	97-88-1	< 1.0 %	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Move to fresh air.

Skin contact: Wash with water and soap as a precaution. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

Page 2 of 19

Ingestion: Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Consult a physician if necessary. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use the following extinguishing media when fighting fires involving this material:. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: No data available

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Material as sold is combustible; burns vigorously with intense heat..

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Remain upwind.. Avoid breathing smoke..

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit..

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Appropriate protective equipment must be worn when handling a spill of this material. See SECTION 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection, for recommendations. If exposed to material during clean-up operations, see SECTION 4, First Aid Measures, for actions to follow.

Environmental precautions: CAUTION: Keep spills and cleaning runoff out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Floor may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate the area. Transfer spilled material to suitable containers for recovery or disposal.

Page 3 of 19

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Static charges can accumulate: use bonding and grounding between transfer equipment and receiving containers and for anyother operations capable of generating static electricity.

Conditions for safe storage: Material can burn; limit indoor storage to approved areas equipped with automatic sprinklers. Ground all metal containers during storage and handling. **Other data:** Monomer vapors can be evolved when material is heated during processing operations. See SECTION 8, for types of ventilation required.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value		
Toluene	ACGIH	TWA	20 ppm		
	Further information: visual impair: Visual impairment; female repro: Female reproductive; pregnancy loss: Pregnancy loss; BEI: Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section); A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen				
	OSHA Z-1		See Further information		
	Further information: (2): Se	a Tahla 7-2	See i dittiei illioillation		
	OSHA Z-2	TWA	200 ppm		
	Further information: Z37.12				
	OSHA Z-2	CEIL	300 ppm		
	Further information: Z37.12	Further information: Z37.12-1967			
	OSHA Z-2	Peak	500 ppm		
	Further information: Z37.12-1967				
Methyl methacrylate	ACGIH	TWA	50 ppm		
	Further information: DSEN: Dermal Sensitization; URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; pulm edema: Pulmonary edema; body weight eff: body weight effects; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen				
	ACGIH	STEL	100 ppm		
	Further information: DSEN: Dermal Sensitization; URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; eye irr: Eye irritation; pulm edema: Pulmonary edema; body weight eff: body weight effects; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen				
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	410 mg/m3 100 ppm		
	Further information: (b): The value in mg/m3 is approximate.				
	CAL PEL	PEL	205 mg/m3 50 ppm		
	CAL PEL	STEL	410 mg/m3 100 ppm		
Butyl methacrylate	Dow IHG	TWA	50 ppm		
	Dow IHG	STEL	75 ppm		

Biological occupational exposure limits

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Components	CAS-No.	Control	Biological	Sampling	Permissible	Basis
		parameters	specimen	time	concentration	
Toluene	108-88-3	Toluene	In blood	Prior to	0.02 mg/l	ACGIH
				last shift		BEI

workweek Toluene Urine End of 0.03 mg/l ACGIH shift (As BEI soon as possible after exposure ceases) o-Cresol Urine **ACGIH** End of 0.3 mg/g shift (As Creatinine BEI soon as possible after exposure ceases)

Issue Date: 02/25/2020

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation with a minimum capture velocity of 150 ft/min. (0.75 m/sec.) at the point of dust or mist evolution. Refer to the current edition of "Industrial Ventilation: A Manual of Recommended Practice" published by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists for information on the design, installation, use, and maintenance of exhaust systems.

Protective measures: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses with side shields (ANSI Z87.1or approved equivalent). Eye protection worn must be compatible with respiratory protection system employed.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Cotton or canvas gloves.

Respiratory protection: A respiratory protection program meeting OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or equivalent must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. None required under normal operating conditions. When dusty conditions are encountered, wear a properly fitted NIOSH approved (or equivalent) half-mask, airpurifying respirator. Air-purifying respirators should be equipped with NIOSH approved (or equivalent) organic vapor cartridges and N95 filters. If oil mist is present, use R95 or P95 filters.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state pellets
Color Pale yellow
Odor Acrylic odor
Odor Threshold No data available
pH Not Applicable
Melting point/range No data available

Page 5 of 19

Product name: PARALOID™ B-99N 100% Resin

Freezing point No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg) Not applicable
Flash point Not applicable
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate Not Applicable

= 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) May form combustible dust concentrations in air during

processing, handling or other means.

Lower explosion limitNot applicableUpper explosion limitNot applicableVapor PressureNot ApplicableRelative Vapor Density (air = 1)Not ApplicableRelative Density (water = 1)No data availableWater solubilitypractically insolublePartition coefficient: n-No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature393.00 °C (739.40 °F)Decomposition temperatureNo data availableDynamic ViscosityNot ApplicableKinematic ViscosityNo data availableExplosive propertiesNo data availableOxidizing propertiesNo data available

Liquid Density0.64 g/cm3Bulk densityMolecular weightNo data availablePercent volatility2.00 % maximum

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: No data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions: None known.

Product will not undergo polymerization. This material is considered stable.

Conditions to avoid: No data available

Incompatible materials: There are no known materials which are incompatible with this product.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition may yield acrylic monomers...

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Page 6 of 19

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Toluene

LD50, Rat, 5,580 mg/kg

Methyl methacrylate

Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation. LD50, Rat, 7,900 mg/kg

Butyl methacrylate

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, Rabbit, > 3,000 mg/kg

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)
The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Toluene

LD50, Rabbit, 12,267 mg/kg

Methyl methacrylate

LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg

Butyl methacrylate

LD50, Rabbit, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute inhalation toxicity

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

The LC50 has not been determined.

Toluene

LC50, Rat, male, 4 Hour, vapour, 25.7 mg/l

LC50, Rat, female, 4 Hour, vapour, 30 mg/l

Methyl methacrylate

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, vapour, 29.8 mg/l

Butyl methacrylate

Prolonged exposure is not expected to cause adverse effects. Vapor may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 29 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on information for component(s):

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

Essentially nonirritating to skin.

Toluene

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Prolonged contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.

May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

Methyl methacrylate

Brief contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.

Butyl methacrylate

Brief contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on information for component(s):

May cause slight eye irritation.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

Essentially nonirritating to eyes.

Toluene

May cause slight eye irritation.

May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).

Methyl methacrylate

May cause slight eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

Butyl methacrylate

May cause slight eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

Sensitization

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Toluene

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Methyl methacrylate

Has caused allergic skin reactions in humans.

Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Butyl methacrylate

Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

<u>i oiuene</u>

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Route of Exposure: Inhalation

Target Organs: Central nervous system

Methyl methacrylate

May cause respiratory irritation. Route of Exposure: Inhalation

Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

Butyl methacrylate

May cause respiratory irritation. Route of Exposure: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

Aspiration Hazard

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

No aspiration toxicity classification

Toluene

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Methyl methacrylate

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Butyl methacrylate

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing lung damage or even death due to chemical pneumonia.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

Toluene

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

central nervous system (CNS) effects

Excessive exposure may cause neurologic signs and symptoms.

Toluene has caused hearing loss in laboratory animals upon exposure to high concentrations. Intentional misuse by deliberately inhaling toluene may cause nervous system damage,

hearing loss, liver and kidney effects and death.

Methyl methacrylate

In humans, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Respiratory tract.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

kidney

Liver

Gastrointestinal tract

nervous system

lung

Product name: PARALOID™ B-99N 100% Resin

Butyl methacrylate

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Carcinogenicity

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

Toluene

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Methyl methacrylate

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. Workers exposed during 1933-1945 to very high vapor concentrations of ethyl acrylate and methyl methacrylate, and to volatile by-products of the ethyl acrylate/methyl methacrylate polymerization process, showed an increase in deaths due to colorectal cancer. Such increases were not observed in workers exposed after that time. Although suggestive, these findings do not establish a causal relationship between high level exposure to these acrylates and colorectal cancer.

Butyl methacrylate

For similar material(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Teratogenicity

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

Toluene

In laboratory animals, toluene has been toxic to the fetus at doses toxic to the mother; it has caused birth defects in mice when administered orally, but not by inhalation.

Methyl methacrylate

MMA did not cause birth defects, malformations, or fetal toxicity in pregnant rats inhaling concentrations up to 2028 ppm. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. The weight of evidence indicates that methyl methacrylate does not cause birth defects in animals.

Butyl methacrylate

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

Reproductive toxicity

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

Toluene

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Methyl methacrylate

In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Butyl methacrylate

In animal studies, a similar material has been shown not to interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity

Product test data not available.

Information for components:

Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

Toluene

The majority and most reliable of the many genetic toxicity studies on toluene, both in vitro and in animals, indicate that it is not genetically toxic.

Methyl methacrylate

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Butyl methacrylate

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Additional information

No data are available for this material. The information shown is based on profiles of compositionally similar materials.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

General Information

There is no data available for this product.

Toxicity

Acrylic polymer(s)

Acute toxicity to fish

No relevant data found.

Toluene

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), semi-static test, 96 Hour, 5.8 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

LC50, water flea Ceriodaphnia dubia, semi-static test, 48 Hour, 3.78 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EbC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Biomass, 12.5 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria

IC50, Bacteria, 16 Hour, 29 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC, Fish, flow-through test, 40 d, growth, 1.4 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea), 7 d, number of offspring, 0.74 mg/l

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 150 - 280 mg/kg

Methyl methacrylate

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, > 79 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 233 mg/l, EPA-660-75-009

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna, flow-through test, 48 Hour, 69 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 110 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, 110 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, 14 d, > 100 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC, Danio rerio (zebra fish), 35 d, 9.4 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, number of offspring, 37 mg/l

Butyl methacrylate

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 11 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Material is toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka), semi-static test, 96 Hour, 5.57 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 25.4 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 31.2 mg/l,

OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 24.8 mg/l,

OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria

EC10, Pseudomonas putida, 18 Hour, 253.6 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia (water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, 1.1 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Acrylic polymer(s)

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

Toluene

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready

biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** 100 % **Exposure time:** 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.13 mg/mg Calculated.

Photodegradation

Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitization: OH radicals **Atmospheric half-life:** 2 d **Method:** Estimated.

Methyl methacrylate

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready

biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD

test(s) for inherent biodegradability). 10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 94 % **Exposure time:** 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** > 95 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.02 mg/mg

Page 14 of 19

Physico-chemical removability

Rapidly hydrolyzed under alkaline conditions.

Photodegradation

Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitization: OH radicals **Atmospheric half-life:** 6.997 d

Method: Estimated.

Butyl methacrylate

Biodegradability: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 88 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Bioaccumulative potential

Acrylic polymer(s)

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Toluene

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.73 Measured Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 13.2 - 90 Fish Measured

Methyl methacrylate

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 1.38 Measured

Butyl methacrylate

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 3 at 25 °C Estimated.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 70 Fish Calculated.

Mobility in soil

Acrylic polymer(s)

No relevant data found.

Toluene

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient (Koc): 37 - 178 Estimated.

Methyl methacrylate

Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50 and 150).

Partition coefficient (Koc): 87 Estimated.

Butyl methacrylate

For similar material(s):

Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).

Partition coefficient (Koc): 2760 Estimated.

Page 15 of 19

Product name: PARALOID™ B-99N 100% Resin Issue Date: 02/25/2020

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: For disposal, incinerate this material at a facility that complies with local, state, and federal regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers retain product residues. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and illegal. Refer to applicable federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport

Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Combustible dust

Reproductive toxicity

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Pennsylvania

Any material listed as "Not Hazardous" in the CAS REG NO. column of SECTION 2, Composition/Information On Ingredients, of this MSDS is a trade secret under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating System

HMIS

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
1	1	0

Revision

Identification Number: 10078431 / 1001 / Issue Date: 02/25/2020 / Version: 4.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

Legena	
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
CAL PEL	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article
	107)
CEIL	Acceptable ceiling concentration
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air
	Contaminants
OSHA Z-2	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2
Peak	Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr
	shift
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x%

Page 17 of 19

growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration: ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization: IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA -Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY* urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

PARALOID™ B-99N 100% Resin



WARNING

Contains: Acrylic polymer(s) / Trade Secret; Individual residual monomers / Not required; Toluene / 108-88-3; Butyl methacrylate / 97-88-1

Hazards: If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. Response: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. Storage: Store locked up. Disposal: Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant. Supplemental information If converted to small particles during further handling, processing, or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY* Agent for Rohm and Haas Chemicals LLC 400 ARCOLA ROAD COLLEGEVILLE PA 19426-2914 UNITED STATES

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 1 800 424 9300 Local Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300

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