

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Antkote 2042 WANHUA CHEMICAL GROUP Co., LTD.

Version No:7.0 Safety Data Sheet Safety Data Sheet - Authored according to GB/T16483(2008) and GB/T17519(2013) Issue Date: 26/06/2021 Print Date: 26/06/2021 L.GHS.CHN.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	Antkote 2042
Synonyms	Hydroxyfunctional polyacrylic dispersion
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified lises	It can be used for waterborne one component baking coatings in combination with amino resins or blocked polyisocyanates or
	waterborne two-component coatings in combination with polyisocyanates or other crosslinkers.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	WANHUA CHEMICAL GROUP Co., LTD.	
Address	No.59 Chongqing Road, Yantai, Shandong China	
Telephone	0535-3031150	
Fax	0535-338222-1150	
Website	http://www.whchem.com	
Email	whsds@whchem.com	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Emergency Center of China
Emergency telephone numbers	+86 532-83889090
Other emergency telephone numbers	+86 535-8203123

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Summary of Hazard in an Emergency Situation

Liquid.

Mixes with water.

Classification ^[1] Chronic	c Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3
Legend: 1. Class	sified by Chemwatch; 2. China Classification Information Sheet of Hazardous Chemicals (Draft); 3. Classification drawn
from Re	egulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s) Not

Antkote 2042

· · ·	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement(s)	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.
ı	
Precautionary statement(s) Prevention
Precautionary statement(s) Prevention Avoid release to the environment.
Precautionary statement(P273 Precautionary statement(Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

Physical and Chemical Hazard

Liquid. Mixes with water.

Health Hazards

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. The material may still be damaging to the health of the individual, following ingestion, especially where pre-existing organ (e.g liver, kidney) damage is evident.
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Limited evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Skin irritation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidermis.
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.

Environmental Hazards

See Section 12

Other hazards

May produce skin discomfort*.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
NA	45-47	Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups
64742-95-6*	4	Solvent naphtha 100
5131-66-8*	4	1-Butoxy-2-propanol
7732-18-5	45-47	water

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Advise for rescue team (PPE requirement for rescue personnel)

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Water spray or fog.
- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. May emit corrosive fumes.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Measures for Preventing Secondary Contamination

Refer to section above

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. The product will keep stable for 12 months when stored in its sealed original packaging at temperatures between 5°C and 35°C. Storage at temperatures below 5°C will make the product frozen and cause irreversible dam age. The product should therefore be protected from freezing during storage. Temperatures higher than 35°C should be avoided in order to prevent the evaporation of water, which will result in the formation of a non-redispersible polymer film.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	None known

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1 TEEL-2			TEEL-3	
Solvent naphtha 100	1,200 mg/m3	6,700 mg/m3		40,000 mg/m3	
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH		
Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups	Not Available		Not Available		
Solvent naphtha 100	Not Available		Not Available		
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	Not Available		Not Available		
water	Not Available		Not Available		

Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
Solvent naphtha 100	E	≤ 0.1 ppm
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemica potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposu band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentra	ire. The output of this process is an occupational exposure

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	E	≤ 0.1 ppm
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemica potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposu- band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentra	ire. The output of this process is an occupational exposure

MATERIAL DATA

Sensory irritants are chemicals that produce temporary and undesirable side-effects on the eyes, nose or throat. Historically occupational exposure standards for these irritants have been based on observation of workers' responses to various airborne concentrations. Present day expectations require that nearly every individual should be protected against even minor sensory irritation and exposure standards are established using uncertainty factors or safety factors of 5 to 10 or more.

NOTE P: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0.01% w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7). Note E shall also apply when the substance is classified as a carcinogen. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Annex VI.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Overalls. P.V.C apron. Barrier cream.

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

'Forsberg Clothing Performance Index'.

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection: Antkote 2042

Material	СРІ
BUTYL	A
NEOPRENE	A
VITON	A
NATURAL RUBBER	С
PVA	C

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as 'feel' or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Milky white		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Agua= 1)	ca. 1.06
Odour	Slight	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	7.0-9.0 (1:4 Deionized water)	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (mPa.s)	50-2500 at 25°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	>93	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7

Hazardous decomposition products

See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ		IRRITATION		
Antkote 2042	Not Available		Not Available		
Polyacrylate containing	TOXICITY IRRITATION		IRRITATION		
hydroxylgroups	Not Available		Not Available		
	ΤΟΧΙCΙΤΥ	IRRIT	ATION		
Selvent nenkthe 100	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1900 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]			
Solvent naphtha 100	Inhalation(Rat) LC50; >4.42 mg/L4 ^[1]	Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]			
	Oral(Rat) LD50; >4500 mg/kg ^[1]				
	ΤΟΧΙCΙΤΥ	IRRITATION			
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye:	adverse effect observ	red (irritating) ^[1]	
	Oral(Rat) LD50; >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]			
water	TOXICITY			IRRITATION	
Water	Oral(Rat) LD50; >90 mg/kg ^[2]			Not Available	
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Unless otherwise specified data extracted from				DS.

WATER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in	literature search.	
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	*	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend: X – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification - Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Antkote 2042	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Sp	Species Value			Source	
Antrole 2042	Not Available	Not Available	No	ot Available	Not Available		Not Available	
Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Sp	Species Value		Source		
	Not Available	Not Available	No	ot Available	Not Available		Not Available	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Specie	Species		Value	•	Source
Solvent naphtha 100	EC50	72	Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		19mg/l		1
	EC50	96	Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		64mg	ı/I	2
	NOEC(ECx)	72	Algae	or other aquatic	plants	1mg/		1

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	EC50		48		Crustacea			6.14mg/l	1
	Endpoint	Test I	Duration (hr)	Speci	es		Value		Source
	EC0(ECx)	48		Crusta	Crustacea		>100mg/l		2
	LC50	96		Fish	Fish		>560<1000mg/l		2
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	EC50	48		Crusta	Crustacea		>100mg	g/l	2
	EC50	72		Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		519mg/	1	2
	EC50	96		Algae	or other aquatic plants	6	525mg/	1	2
	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value		Sour	ce
water	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Ava	ailable	Not A	vailable
Legend:	3. EPIWIN Suit	te V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic To	oxicity Data	IA Registered Substar a (Estimated) 4. US EF Japan) - Bioconcentra	PA, Ecotox da	tabase - A	Aquatic Toxic	ity Data 5.

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	LOW	LOW
water	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation		
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	LOW (LogKOW = 0.9842)		
water	LOW (LogKOW = -1.38)		

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	HIGH (KOC = 1.289)
water	LOW (KOC = 14.3)

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste chemicals:	 Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked. DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first. Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal. Bury residue in an authorised landfill. 		
Contaminated packing materials:	Refer to section above		
Precautions for Transport:	Refer to section above		

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SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups	Not Available
Solvent naphtha 100	Not Available
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	Not Available
water	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups	Not Available
Solvent naphtha 100	Not Available
1-Butoxy-2-propanol	Not Available
water	Not Available

Precautions for Transport

Suitable Containers

See section 7

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups is found on the following regulatory lists

China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

Solvent naphtha 100 is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

1-Butoxy-2-propanol is found on the following regulatory lists

China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

water is found on the following regulatory lists

China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

National/Regional Inventory Status

National/Regional Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups; Solvent naphtha 100; 1-Butoxy-2-propanol; water)
China - IECSC	Yes

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

National Inventory	Status		
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups)		
Japan - ENCS	No (Solvent naphtha 100)		
Korea - KECI	Yes		
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes		
Philippines - PICCS	Yes		
USA - TSCA	Yes		
China Taiwan - TCSI	Yes		
Mexico - INSQ	No (Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups)		
Vietnam - NCI	Yes		
Russia - FBEPH	No (Polyacrylate containing hydroxylgroups)		
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)		

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	26/03/2021
Initial Date	01/08/2018

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
1.3.1.1.1	26/03/2021	Ingredients, Physical Properties

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios.

Definitions and abbreviations

- PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。
- IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- BEI: Biological Exposure Index

Disclaimer

The information in the SDS applies only for the specified product and does not include mixtures of this product with other substances and mixtures. The SDS provides product safety information for personnel trainned to use this product only.

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