

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier 1.1.

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Alumina Trihydrate and Alumina Trihydrate/Water

Synonyms: ATH, Dry Hydrate, Wet Cake

1.2 **Intended Use of the Product**

No use is specified.

1.3 Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party Company

CIMBAR Performance Minerals

49-O Jackson Lake Rd. Chatsworth, GA 30705 (Corporate Office)

T: (706)695-4613

1.4 **Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency Number: (888) 661-3455

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Not classified

2.2 **Label Elements**

GHS-US Labeling

No labeling applicable

2.3. **Other Hazards**

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Aluminum hydroxide(Al(OH)3)	(CAS No) 21645-51-2	98	Not classified
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	2	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible).

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.



Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Skin contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation. Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Eye Contact: Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis.

4.3 Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not flammable.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory

Hazardous Combustion Products: None know.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE)

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid. Dry sweeping can contain spilled product. Absorb and contain with inert material. Place contents in suitable container for disposal or reuse.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Vacuum clean-up is preferred. If sweeping is required use a dust suppressant. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up.



6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: HASNDLING & STORAGE

7.1. Precaution for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Good housekeeping is needed during storage, transfer, handling, and use of material to avoid excessive dust accumulation.

Hygiene Measure: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities Technical

Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, reducing agents, chlorinated hydrocarbons.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

No use is specified.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Provide adequate ventilation to minimize dust concentrations. Personal Protective Equipment: Safety glasses. Dust formation: dust mask. Gloves.







Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: Use an OSHA-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

Consumer Exposure Controls: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Solid

Appearance: White Grains

Odor: None

Odor Threshold: Not available

pH: Not available



Evaporation Rate: Not available

Melting Point: 3450 °F (after loss of water of hydration at elevated temperatures) (1898 °)

Freezing Point: Not available Boiling Point: Not determined Flash Point: Not available

Auto-ignition Temperature: Not available Decomposition Temperature: Not available Flammability (solid, gas): Not available Lower Flammability Limit: Not available Upper Flammability Limit: Not available

Vapor Pressure: Not available

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C: Not available

Relative Density: Not available Specific gravity/density: 2.4 g/cm³

Solubility: Water: 0-11

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: Not available

Viscosity: Not available

Explosive Properties: Product is not explosive

Explosion Data-Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due

to mechanical impact

Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due

due to static discharge

SECTION 10: STABILITY & REACTIVITY

- **10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- **10.2.** Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- **10.3.** Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, incompatible materials.
- **10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, reducing agents, chlorinated hydrocarbons. May react with chlorinated hydrocarbons at temperatures in excess of 400°F (204°C) to liberate hydrogen chloride and phosgene gases, which are highly irritating and toxic.
- **10.6.** Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects – Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Date: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

SDS-ATH, Rev:1 (02/28/19) Page 4 of 6



Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Skin contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects –Ingredient(s) LD50 and LC50 Data:

Aluminum hydroxide (Al(OH)3) (21645-51-2) LD50 Oral Rat - > 5000 mg/kg

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Not available

12.4. Mobility in Soil

Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatments methods

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and it's container in a safe way.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- 14.1. In Accordance with DOT: Not regulated for transport
- 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG: Not regulated for transport
- 14.3. In Accordance with IATA: Not regulated for transport
- **14.4.** In Accordance with TDG: Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Aluminum hydroxide (Al(OH)3) (21645-51-2) – Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory

Water (7732-18-5)- Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory

15.2. US State Regulations

Neither this product nor its chemical components appear on any US state lists.

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Aluminum Trihydrate and Alumina Trihydrate/Water

WHMIS Classification - Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria



Aluminum hydroxide (Al(OH)3) (21645-51-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification - Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

Water (7732-18-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification - Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.